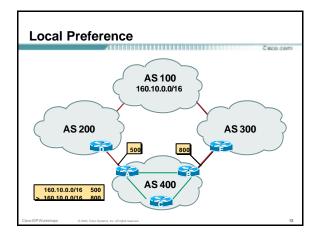


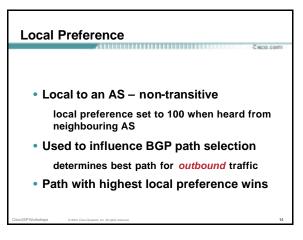
## Origin • Conveys the origin of the prefix • "Historical" attribute • Influences best path selection • Three values: IGP, EGP, incomplete IGP – generated by BGP network statement EGP – generated by EGP

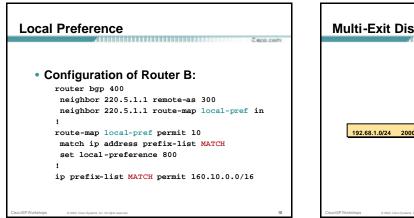
incomplete – redistributed from another routing protocol

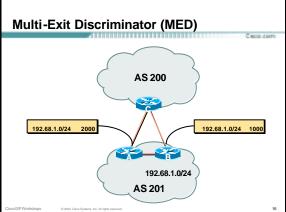
## Aggregator

- Useful for debugging purposes
- Conveys the IP address of the router/BGP speaker generating the aggregate route
- Does not influence path selection









### Multi-Exit Discriminator

- Inter-AS non-transitive metric attribute not announced to next AS
- Used to convey the relative preference of entry points
  - determines best path for inbound traffic
- Comparable if paths are from same AS
- IGP metric can be conveyed as MED set metric-type internal in route-map

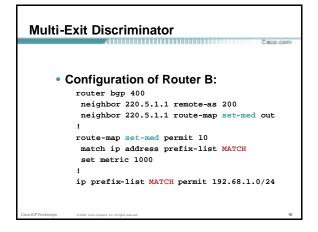
#### MED & IGP Metric

#### • set metric-type internal

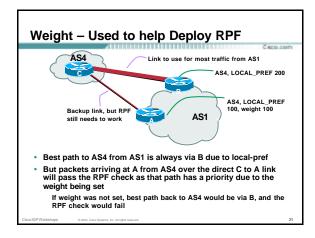
enable BGP to advertise a MED which corresponds to the IGP metric values

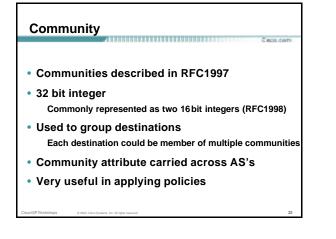
changes are monitored (and re-advertised if needed) every 600s

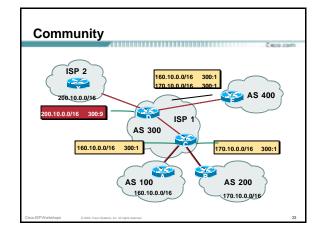
bgp dynamic-med-interval <secs>



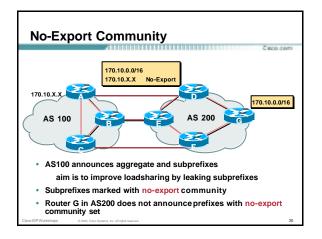


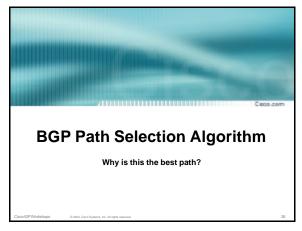












#### **BGP Path Selection Algorithm**

- Do not consider path if no route to next hop
- Do not consider iBGP path if not synchronised
- Highest weight (local to router)
- Highest local preference (global within AS)
- Prefer locally originated route
- Shortest AS path

# BGP Path Selection Algorithm (continued)

- Lowest Multi-Exit Discriminator (MED)
  - If bgp deterministic-med, order the paths before comparing

If bgp always-compare-med, then compare for all paths

otherwise MED only considered if paths are from the same AS (default)

## BGP Path Selection Algorithm (continued)

C 600.00

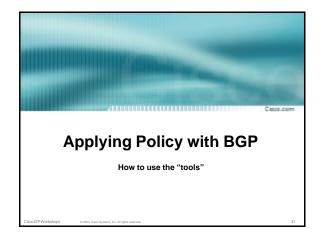
- Prefer eBGP path over iBGP path
- Path with lowest IGP metric to next-hop
- For eBGP paths:

If multipath is enabled, install N parallel paths in forwarding table

- If router-id is the same, go to next step
- If router-id is not the same, select the oldest path

## BGP Path Selection Algorithm (continued)

- Lowest router-id (originator-id for reflected routes)
- Shortest cluster-list
   Client must be aware of Route Reflector
   attributes!
- Lowest neighbour address



### **Applying Policy with BGP**

- · Policy-based on AS path, community or the prefix
- Rejecting/accepting selected routes
- Set attributes to influence path selection
- Tools:
  - Prefix-list (filters prefixes) Filter-list (filters ASes) Route-maps and communities

## Policy Control – Prefix List

- Per neighbour prefix filter incremental configuration
- High performance access-list
- Inbound or Outbound
- Based upon network numbers (using familiar IPv4 address/mask format)

#### **Prefix-list Command**

[no] ip prefix-list <list-name> [seq <seq-value>] deny |
permit <network>/<len> [ge <ge-value>] [le <le-value>]

<network>/<len>: The prefix and its length

ge <ge-value>: "greater than or equal to"

le < le-value>: "less than or equal to"

Both "ge" and "le" are optional. Used to specify the range of the prefix length to be matched for prefixes that are more specific than <*network*>/<*len*>

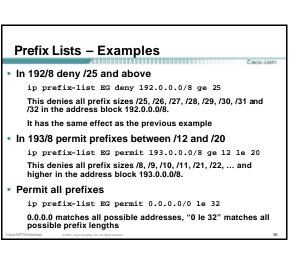
#### Prefix Lists – Examples

- Deny default route
- ip prefix-list EG deny 0.0.0.0/0
- Permit the prefix 35.0.0.0/8
   ip prefix-list EG permit 35.0.0.0/8
- Deny the prefix 172.16.0.0/12

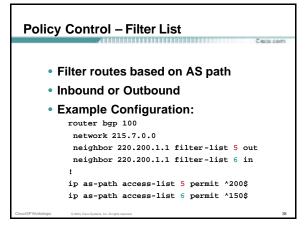
ip prefix-list EG deny 172.16.0.0/12

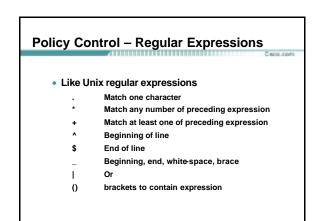
In 192/8 allow up to /24
 ip prefix-list EG permit 192.0.0.0/8 le 24

 This allows all prefix sizes in the 192.0.0.0/8 address
 block, apart from /25, /26, /27, /28, /29, /30, /31 and /32.



#### Policy Control – Prefix List • Example Configuration router bgp 200 network 215.7.0.0 neighbor 220.200.1.1 remote-as 210 neighbor 220.200.1.1 prefix-list PEER-IN in neighbor 220.200.1.1 prefix-list PEER-IN in neighbor 220.200.1.1 prefix-list PEER-IN out ! ip prefix-list PEER-IN deny 218.10.0.0/16 ip prefix-list PEER-IN permit 2.5.7.0.0/16 ip prefix-list PEER-OUT permit 215.7.0.0/16 ip prefix-list PEER-OUT deny 0.0.0.0/0 le 32





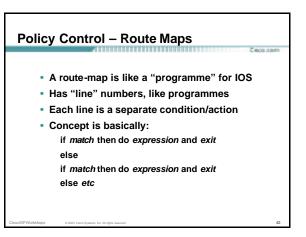
## Policy Control – Regular Expressions

.*	motch anything
•	match anything
.+	match at least one character
^\$	match routes local to this AS
_1800\$	originated by AS1800
^1800_	received from AS1800
_1800_	via AS1800
_790_1800_	via AS1800 and AS790
_(1800_)+	multiple AS1800 in sequence (used to match AS-PATH prepends)
\(65530\)	via AS65530 (confederations)

## Policy Control – Regular Expressions

#### Not so simple Examples

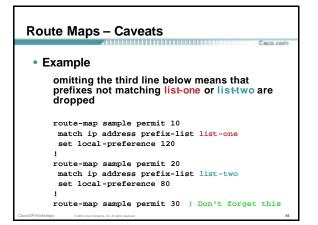
^[0-9]+\$	Match AS_PATH length of one
^[0-9]+_[0-9]+\$	Match AS_PATH length of two
^[0-9]*_[0-9]+\$	Match AS_PATH length of one or two
^[0-9]*_[0-9]*\$	Match AS_PATH length of one or two (will also match zero)
^[0-9]+_[0-9]+_[0-9]+\$	Match AS_PATH length of three
_(701 1800)_	Match anything which has gone through AS701 or AS1800
_1849(+_)12163\$	Match anything of origin AS12163 and passed through AS1849



## Route Maps – Caveats

- Lines can have multiple set statements but only one match statement
- Line with only a set statement all prefixes are matched and set any following lines are ignored
- Line with a match/set statement and no following lines

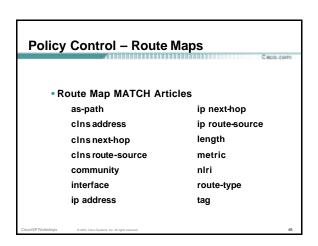
only prefixes matching go through the rest are dropped



#### **Policy Control – Route Maps** Policy Control – Route Maps • Example Configuration – route map and filter lists Example Configuration – route map and prefix-lists router bgp 100 neighbor 220.200.1.2 remote-as 200 router bgp 100 neighbor 220.200.1.2 route-map filter-on-as-path in neighbor 1.1.1.1 route-map infilter in . route-map infilter permit 10 route-map filter-on-as-path permit 10 match ip address prefix-list HIGH-PREF match as-path 1 set local-preference 120 set local-preference 80 route-map infilter permit 20 match ip address prefix-list LOW-PREF route-map filter-on-as-path permit 20 match as-path 2 set local-preference 80 set local-preference 200 ip prefix-list HIGH-PREF permit 10.0.0.0/8 ip prefix-list LOW-PREF permit 20.0.0/8 ip as-path access-list 1 permit \_150\$ ip as-path access-list 2 permit \_210\_

## Policy Control – Route Maps

- Example configuration of AS-PATH prepend router bgp 300 network 215.7.0.0 neighbor 2.2.2.2 remote-as 100 neighbor 2.2.2.2 route-map SETPATH out
  - ! route-map SETPATH permit 10
  - set as-path prepend 300 300
- Use your own AS number when prepending
   Otherwise BGP loop detection may cause disconnects



## Policy Control – Route Maps

### Route map SET Articles

as-path automatic-tag clns comm-list

community

dampening default interface interface ip default next-hop ip next-hop

Policy Control – Route N	Ларз
Route map SET Articles	
ip precedence	next-hop
ip qos-group	nlri multicast
ip tos	nIri unicast
level	origin
local preference	tag
metric	traffic-index
metric-type	weight

#### Policy Control – Matching Communities

• Example Configuration router bgp 100 neighbor 220.200.1.2 remote-as 200

neighbor 220.200.1.2 route-map filter-on-community in
!

route-map filter-on-community permit 10
match community 1
set local-preference 50

set local-preference 5

route-map filter-on-community permit 20
match community 2 exact-match
set local-preference 200

set local-preference 200

ip community-list 1 permit 150:3 200:5
ip community-list 2 permit 88:6

#### Policy Control – Setting Communities • Example Configuration router bgp 100 network 215.7.0.0 neighbor 220.200.1.1 remote-as 200 neighbor 220.200.1.1 send-community neighbor 220.200.1.1 route-map set-community out

route-map set-community permit 10 match ip address prefix-list NO-ANNOUNCE set community no-export

route-map set-community permit 20 match ip address prefix-list EVERYTHING

. ip prefix-list NO-ANNOUNCE permit 172.168.0.0/16 ge 17 ip prefix-list EVERYTHING permit 0.0.0.0/0 le 32

## Aggregation Policies • Suppress Map Used to suppress selected more-specific prefixes (e.g. defined through a route -map) in the absence of the summary-only keyword. • Unsuppress Map

Used to unsuppress selected morespecific prefixes per BGP peering when the summary-only keyword is in use.

#### Aggregation Policies – Suppress Map • Example router bgp 100 network 220.10.10.0 network 220.10.11.0 network 220.10.11.0 network 220.10.31.0 network 220.10.11.0 network 220.10.10.0 network 220.10.0 network 220.0 network 220.0 network 220.0 network 220.

! ip prefix-list SUPPRESS permit 220.10.8.0/21 le 32 ip prefix-list SUPPRESS deny 0.0.0.0/0 le 32

9

Aggrega Suppres		icies –		
	41100			C 800.00m
<ul> <li>show ip bo</li> </ul>	in on the lo	cal router		
onon ip be		our routor		
routerl#sh ip bg	p			
BGP table versio	n is 11, local	router ID is 2	22.5.7.1	
Status codes: s	suppressed, d	damped, h histor	ry, * valid, > best,	i - internal
Origin codes: i	- IGP, e - EGP	, ? - incomplete	9	
Network	Next Hop	Metric Loci	Prf Weight Path	
*> 220.10.0.0/16	0.0.0.0		32768 i	
s> 220.10.10.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
s> 220.10.11.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
s> 220.10.12.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
*> 220.10.33.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
*> 220.10.34.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
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Aggregation Policies – Suppress Map							
Cuppiece	Aller	**********				C (600	com
• show ip bgr	on the rem	ote router					
Show ip by		ole rouler					
router2#sh ip bgp							
BGP table version	is 90, local r	outer ID is 222	.5.7.2				
Status codes: s su			, * valid	, > 1	best,	i - inte	rnal
Origin codes: i -							
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPr					
*> 220.10.0.0/16			-	100	-		
	222.5.7.1	0	-	100	-		
*> 220.10.33.0	222 E 7 1						
*> 220.10.33.0 *> 220.10.34.0	222.5.7.1	0	0	100			
	222.5.7.1	0	0	100			
	222.5.7.1	0	0	100			
	222.5.7.1	0	0	100			
	222.5.7.1	o	0	100			

Aggregation Policies – Unsuppress Map	
C 800.0	om
Example	
router bgp 100	
network 220.10.10.0	
network 220.10.11.0	
network 220.10.12.0	
network 220.10.33.0	
network 220.10.34.0	
aggregate-address 220.10.0.0 255.255.0.0 summary-only	
neighbor 222.5.7.2 remote-as 200	
neighbor 222.5.7.2 unsuppress-map leak-net	
!	
route-map leak-net permit 10	
match ip address prefix-list LEAK	
1	
ip prefix-list LEAK permit 220.10.8.0/21 le 32 ip prefix-list LEAK deny 0.0.0.0/0 le 32	
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
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Aggregat Unsuppre				
	41000			C 800-0071
<ul> <li>show ip b</li> </ul>	on the	local rout	er	
5110111111	gp on me	local loat	61	
routerl#sh ip bg	p			
BGP table version				
			ry, * valid, > best,	i -internal
Origin codes: i		-		
Network	Next Hop	Metric Lock	Prf Weight Path	
*> 220.10.0.0/16	0.0.0.0		32768 i	
s> 220.10.10.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
s> 220.10.11.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
s> 220.10.12.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
s> 220.10.33.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
s> 220.10.34.0	0.0.0.0	0	32768 i	
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Aggregation Policies – Unsuppress Map						
Unsuppre	ess map					
					C 800.00m	
<ul> <li>show ip bg</li> </ul>	on the	remote ro	uter			
	5 P					
router2#sh ip bgp						
BGP table version	is 90, local m	outer ID is 2	22.5.7.2			
Status codes: s su	uppressed, d da	mped, h histor	y, * valid	l, > best,	i - internal	
Origin codes: i -	IGP, e - EGP,	? - incomplete				
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocF	rf Weight	Path		
*> 220.10.0.0/16	222.5.7.1		0	100 i		
*> 220.10.10.0	222.5.7.1	0	0	100 i		
*> 220.10.11.0	222.5.7.1	0	0	100 i		
*> 220.10.12.0	222.5.7.1	0	0	100 i		
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