WIRELESS NETWORK SECURITY

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

AGEN	JDA
REVEIW	
RECOMMENDATIONS COMMENTS	
	WIDELESS NETWORK SECURITY



REVIEW

WIRELESS

RADIO FREQUENCY SPECTRUM

PROPERTIES OF RADIO WAVES

802.11 STANDARDS, A/B/G, WIMAX

DOINT-TO-POINT NETWORKS

MESH NETWORKS

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

REVIEW

ACCESS POINTS TO BUILD WIRELESS NETWORKS

CONFIGURATION ACCESS POINTS

ESSID, MODE, CHANNELS, SNMP

ACCESS-POINT MODE V. "STATION"/CLIENT MODE

DOWER SETTINGS

BRIDGING

WPA2 POINT-TO-POINT LINKS

UBIQUITI ACCESS POINTS

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS



EXTENDING WIRELESS NETWORKS

ADDING ADDITIONAL ACCESS POINTS

SITE DEPLOYMENT ISSUES

] POWER/ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

CAPTIVE PORTAL APPROACHES

UNSING MONOWALL OR NOCAT TO SECURE A WIRELESS NETWORK

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS







- THE MAC LAYER, "LAYER2" IS SIMILAR IN BOTH WIRED AND WIRELESS NETWORKS
- THERE IS NO SECURITY BUILT INTO THE ETHERNET OR MAC LAYER
- BECAUSE OF THIS, ARP MECHANISMS ARE SUBJECT TO TAMPERING, POISONING, MASQUERADING ATTACKS

REVIEW

] TCP/IP

- DIMILARLY, TOP/IP HAS NO SECURITY BUILT INTO THE PROTOCOLS
- BECAUSE OF THAT IP ADDRESSES ARE ALSO SUBJECT TO FORGERY. TCP/IP CAN ALSO BE TAMPERED WITH, ESPECIALLY FOR DENIAL OF SERVICE ATTACKS
- LEARNED UNIX TOOLS FOR NETWORK CONFIGURATION: IFCONFIG, NETSTAT, ARP, ARPING, PING, TRACEROUTE, MTR, TCPTRACEROUTE

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS



🗌 BA	CKTRACK
	LEARNED ABOUT LIVE-CD DISTRIBUTIONS
	LOTS OF TOOLS ON THE BACKTRACK LIVE-CD
	INSTALLING BACKTRCK ON USB
	WIRELESS CONFIGURATION TOOLS: IFCONFIG,
	IWCONFIG, IWLIST, DHCPCD





- ADDING WIRELESS NETWORKS AND ADDITIONAL SECURITY SYSTEMS WILL REQUIRE NETWORK DESIGN
- THIS REQUIRES CAREFUL CONSIDERATION OF THE TOPOLOGY OF THE EXISTING NETWORK
- IT ALSO REQUIRES UNDERSTANDING WHAT THE GOAL IS FOR THE NEW DESIGN

REVIEW

NETWORK DESIGN (CONTINUED)

- SECURITY "ZONES" CAN BE CREATED, OUTSIDE, IN A DMZ, OR INSIDE OF NETWORKS. EX: GUEST V. INTERNAL
- CAPTIVE PORTALS (AUTHENTICATION GATEWAYS) CAN BE USED TO CREATE THE EDGE OF A SECURITY ZONE
- ACCOUNT MANAGEMENT, AUTHENTICATION, AND ACCESS CONTROL ARE CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN A CAPTIVE PORTAL (AUTHENTICATION GATEWAY)



WIRELESS SECURITY STANDARDS

OLDER WIRELESS ENCRYPTION STANDARDS HAVE NOT PERFORMED WELL

WEP IS CRACKABLE USING A NUMBER OF TOOLS

- WPA2 APPEARS TO BE THE BEST OF THE CURRENTLY AVAILABLE STANDARDS
- WPA2 MAY NOT BE SUPPORTED ON ALL OF YOUR CLIENT MACHINES
- A CERTIFICATE/PKI SYSTEM MAY PROVIDE ADDITIONAL SUPPORT FOR AN IMPLEMENTATION

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

REVIEWS

] TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

A NUMBER OF FREE TOOLS ARE AVAILABLE

] THESE CAN BE USED TO MONITOR THE CONDITION OF YOUR NETWORK

BREAKIN HAS OCCURRED

FLOWTOOLS, WIRESHARK, AND NTOP ARE COMMONLY USED BY MANY NETWORK ENGINEERS

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS





- NETSTUMBLER CAN BE USED TO MAP OUT THE STATE OF THE WIRELESS NETWORK
- KISMET CAN BE USED TO ANALYZE THE WIRELESS TRAFFIC IN MORE DETAIL
- INEXPENSIVE SPECTRUM ANALYSIS TOOLS, SUCH AS <u>WISPY</u>, CAN BE USED TO ANALYZE RADIO ISSUES

REVIEW	
U UBUNTU	
D POPULAR, EASY-TO-USE LINIX DISTRIBUTION	
DPKG	
UNSEOF THE ROOT ACCOUNT USING: SUDO, SUDO-S	
START/STOP SERVICE USING: /ETC/INIT.D/	

REVIEW	
I INFORMATION SECURITY CONCEPTS	
INFORMATION SECURITY RESOURCES NETWORK SECURITY	
LI NETWORK ACCESS CONTROL	

REVIEW

NETWORK ACCESS CONTROL

ONAC SYSTEMS ARE STARTING TO APPEAR THAT BUILD COMPLEX ACCESS CONTROL MECHANISMS

SIMPLER ACCESS CONTROL MECHANISMS ARE POSSIBLE

DROXIES, SSL VPNS, AND IPSEC VPNS ARE A SIMPLE SOLUTION TO THIS PROBLEM IN SOME CASES

CAPTIVE PORTALS (AUTHENTICATION GATEWAYS) PROVIDE MOST OF THE BENEFITS OF NAC, WITHOUT THE HIGH COSTS AND COMPLEXITY

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS



REVIEW	
NMAP, NESSUS, AND SNORT	
U VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS CONCEPTS	
LI ITTE USE OF OPEN-SOURCE TOOLS	

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

MONITOR YOUR NETWORK

MANAGEYOUR ACCESS POINTS

GRAPH NETWORK STATISTICS

DEPLOY A FLOWTOOLS OR MONITORING STATION

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

APPLY ACCESS CONTROLS WHERE NECESSARY

CAPTIVE PORTALS WORK WELL TO SECURE OPEN WIRELESS NETWORKS

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

MONITOR YOUR WIRELESS ENVIRONMENT

LOOK FOR ROGUE ACCESS POINTS WITH NETSTUMBLER

WATCH OUT FOR ROGUE DHCP SERVERS

ADDRESS ROGUE AP ISSUES QUICKLY

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

ENCRYPTION
USE ENCRYPTION WHERE IT MAKES SENSE
USE WPA2 OR SIMILAR SOLUTIONS
USE SSL-VPN AND IPSEC VPNS, AND SSH
USE END-TO-END ENCRYPTION, AND PAY ATTENTION TO DATA SECURITY: PGP, AND OTHER TOOLS

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS



USE VLANS TO SEGMENT SUBNETS

ENABLE "ARP INSPECTION" OR "PORT-SECURITY" ON CHALLENGING SUBNETS

FROM ROGUE DHCP SYSTEMS

STATIC ARP ON SOME CRITICAL DEVICES

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

VULNERABILITY SCANNING

PERORM REGULAR SCANS OF YOUR NETWORK

APPLY PATCHES

SUPPORTANTI-VIRUS FIREWALL SOFTWARE

] USE IDS TO DETECT RECENT KNOWN ATTACKS

EDUCATE YOUR USERS

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

COMMENTS

- FEEDBACK IS WELCOME
- MORE LAB TIME?
- MORE TIME ON SITE PLANNING AND DEPLOYMENT LABS?
- MORE TIME ON MESH NETWORKING?
- OTHER TYPES OF WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY?
- MORE TIME ON DEMONSTRATING CAPTIVE PORTALS?

