# **Nagios**

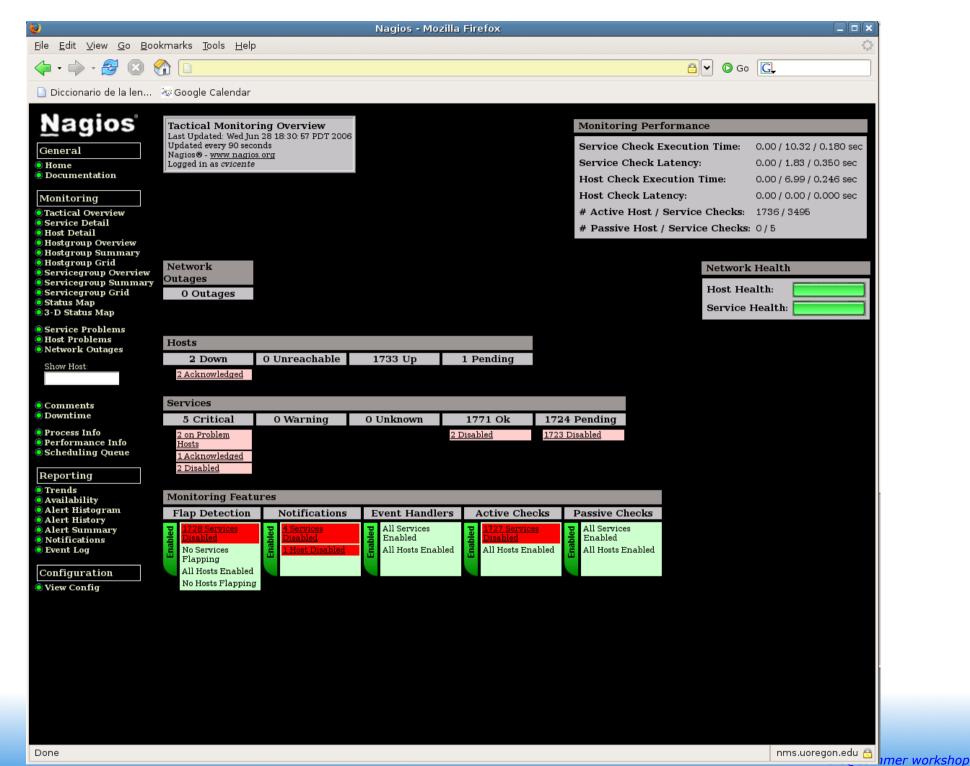
# Network Design and Operations 24 July 2009

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### Introduction

- A key measurement tool for actively monitoring availability of devices and services.
- Possible the most used open source network monitoring software.
- Has a web interface.
  - Uses CGIs written in C for faster response and scalability.
- Can support up to thousands of devices and services.



### **Features**

- Verification of availability is delegated to plugins:
  - The product's architecture is simple enough that writing new plugins is fairly easy in the language of your choice.
  - There are many, many plugins available.
- Nagios uses parallel checking and forking.
  - Version 3 of Nagions does this better.

### Features cont.

- Has intelligent checking capabilities. Attempts
  to distribute the server load of running Nagios
  (for larger sites) and the load placed on devices
  being checked.
- Configuration is done in simple, plain text files, but that can contain much detail and are based on templates.
- Nagios reads it's configuration from an entire directory. You decide how to define individual files.

#### Yet More Features...

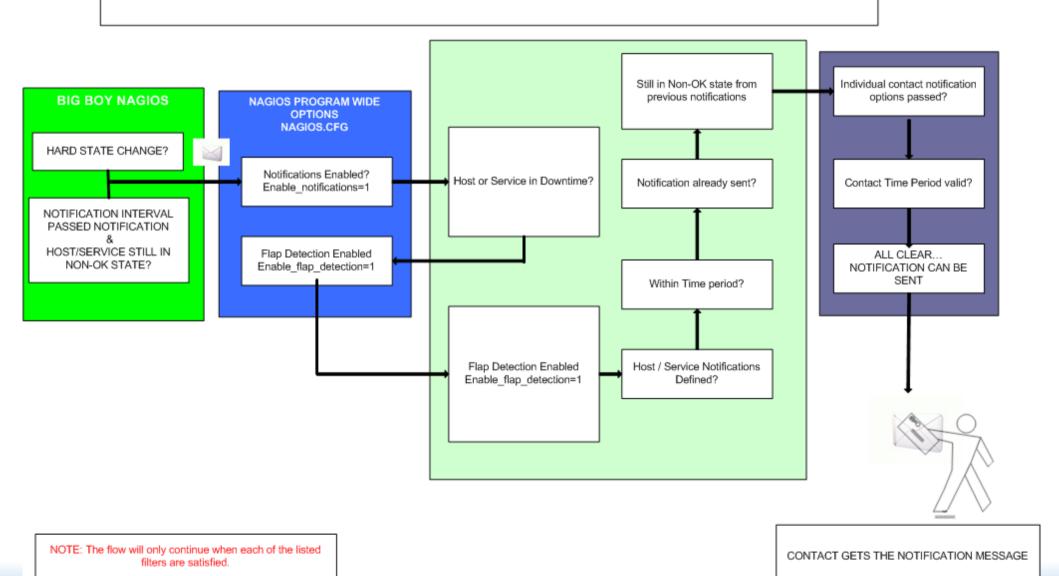
- Utilizes topology to determine dependencies.
  - Nagios differentiates between what is down vs. what is not available. This way it avoids running unnecessary checks.
- Nagios allows you to define how you send notifications based on combinations of:
  - Contacts and lists of contacts
  - Devices and groups of devices
  - Services and groups of services
  - Defined hours by persons or groups.
  - The state of a service.

# And, even more...

#### Service state:

- When configuration a service you have the following notification options:
  - d: DOWN: The service is down (not available)
  - u: UNREACHABLE: When the host is not visible
  - r: RECOVERY: (OK) Host is coming back up
  - f: FLAPPING: When a host first starts or stops or it's state is undetermined.
  - n: NONE: Don't send any notifications

#### **NAGIOS - NOTIFICATION FLOW DIAGRAM**



# Features, features, features

- Allows you to acknowledge an event.
  - A user can add comments via the GUI
- You can define maintenance periods
  - By device or a group of devices
- Maintains availability statistics.
- · Can detect flapping and suppress additional notificaitons.
- Allows for multiple notification methods such as:
  - e-mail, pager, SMS, winpopup, audio, etc...
- Allows you to define notification levels. Critical feature.

#### **How Checks Work**

- A node/host/device consists of one or more service checks (PING, HTTP, MYSQL, SSH, etc)
- Periodically Nagios checks each service for each node and determines if state has changed. State changes are:
  - CRITICAL
  - WARNING
  - UNKNOWN
- For each state change you can assign:
  - Notification options (as mentioned before)
  - Event handlers

### **How Checks Work**

- Parameters
  - Normal checking interval
  - Re-check interval
  - Maximum number of checks.
  - Period for each check
- Node checks only happen when on services respond (assuming you've configured this).
  - A node can be:
    - DOWN
    - UNREACHABLE

### **How Checks Work**

In this manner it can take some time before a host change's its state to "down" as Nagios first does a service check and then a node check.

By default Nagios does a node check 3 times before it will change the nodes state to down.

You can, of course, change all this.

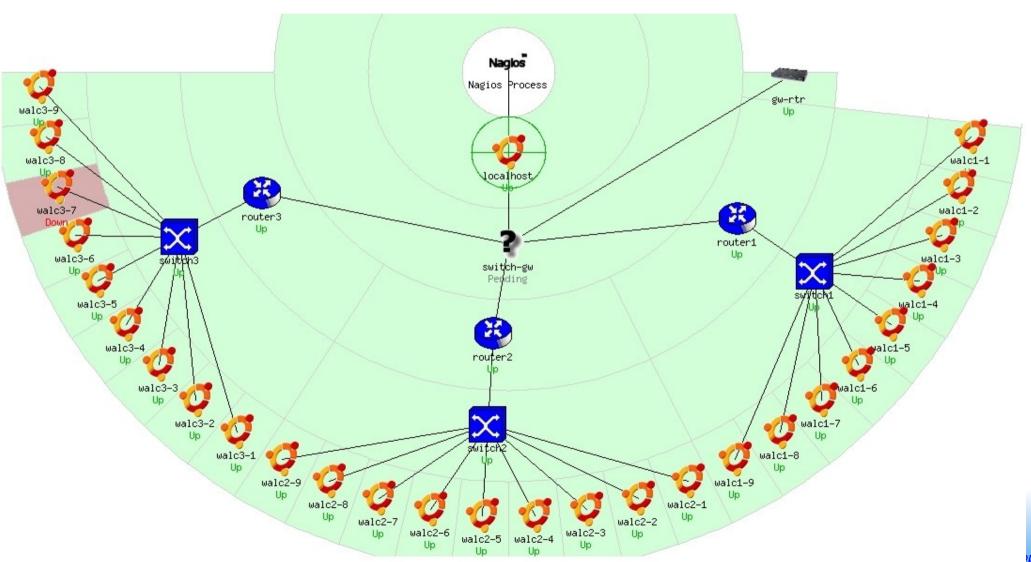
# The Concept of "Parents"

- Nodes can have parents.
  - For example, the parent of a PC connected to a switch would be the switch.
  - This allows us to specify the network dependencies that exist between machines, switches, routers, etc.
  - This avoids having Nagios send alarms when a parent does not respond.
  - A node can have multiple parents.

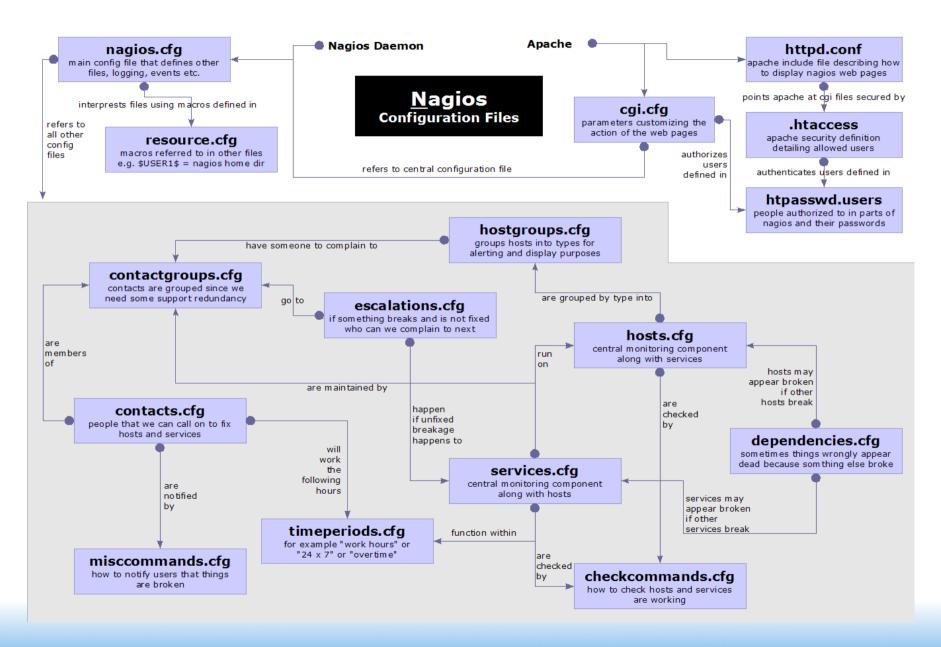
# The Idea of Network Viewpoint

- Where you locate your Nagios server will determine your point of view of the network.
- Nagios allows for parallel Nagios boxes that run at other locations on a network.
- Often it makes sense to place your Nagios server nearer the border of your network vs. in the core.

# **Network Viewpoint**



# **Nagios Configuration Files**



# **Configuration Files**

- Located in /etc/nagios3/
- Important files include:
  - cgi.cfg Controls the web interface and security options.
  - commands.cfgThe commands that Nagios uses for notifications.
  - nagios.cfg
     Main configuration file.
  - conf.d/\* All other configuration goes here!

# **Configuration Files**

#### Under conf.d/\* (sample only)

- contacts\_nagios3.cfg
- generic-host\_nagios2.cfg
- generic-service\_nagios2.cfg
- hostgroups\_nagios2.cfg
- services\_nagios2.cfg
- timeperiods\_nagios2.cfg

- users and groups
- default host template
- default service template
- groups of nodes
- what services to check
- when to check and who to notifiy

# **Configuration Files**

#### Under conf.d some other possible configfiles:

host-gateway.cfg

Default route definition

extinfo.cfg

Additional node information

servicegroups.cfig

Groups of nodes and services

localhost.cfg

Define the Nagios server itself

pcs.cfg

Sample definition of PCs (hosts)

switches.cfg

Definitions of switches (hosts)

routers.cfg

Definitions of routers (hosts)

# **Plugin Configuration**

The Nagios package in Ubuntu comes with a bunch of pre-installed plugins:

```
apt.cfg breeze.cfg dhcp.cfg disk-smb.cfg disk.cfg dns.cfg dummy.cfg flexlm.cfg fping.cfg ftp.cfg games.cfg hppjd.cfg http.cfg ifstatus.cfg ldap.cfg load.cfg mail.cfg mrtg.cfg mysql.cfg netware.cfg news.cfg nt.cfg ntp.cfg pgsql.cfg ping.cfg procs.cfg radius.cfg real.cfg rpc-nfs.cfg snmp.cfg ssh.cfg tcp_udp.cfg telnet.cfg users.cfg vsz.cfg
```

# **Main Configuration Details**

- Global settings
- File: /etc/nagios3/nagios.cfg
  - Says where other configuration files are.
  - General Nagios behavior:
    - For large installations you should tune the installation via this file.
      - See: Tunning Nagios for Maximum Performance http://nagios.sourceforge.net/docs/2\_0/tuning.h

# **CGI** Configuration

- Archivo: /etc/nagios3/cgi.cfg
  - You can change the CGI directory if you wish
  - Authentication and authorization for Nagios use.
    - Activate authentication via Apache's .htpasswd mechanism, or using RADIUS or LDAP.
    - Users can be assigned rights via the following variables:
      - authorized\_for\_system\_information
      - authorized\_for\_configuration\_information
      - authorized\_for\_system\_commands
      - authorized\_for\_all\_services
      - authorized\_for\_all\_hosts
      - authorized\_for\_all\_service\_commands
      - authorized\_for\_all\_host\_commands

### **Time Periods**

- This defines the base periods that control checks, notifications, etc.
  - Defaults: 24 x 7
  - Could adjust as needed, such as work week only.
  - Could adjust a new time period for "outside of regular hours", etc.

```
# '24x7'
define timeperiod{
        timeperiod name 24x7
        alias
                        24 Hours A Day, 7 Days A Week
                        00:00-24:00
        sunday
        monday
                        00:00-24:00
        tuesday
                        00:00-24:00
        wednesday
                        00:00-24:00
        thursday
                        00:00-24:00
        friday
                        00:00-24:00
        saturday
                        00:00-24:00
```

# **Configuring Service/Host Checks**

Define how you are going to test a service.

```
# 'check-host-alive' command definition
define command {
    command_name check-host-alive
    command_line $USER1$/check_ping -H $HOSTADDRESS$ -w 2000.0,60% -c 5000.0,100%
-p 1 -t 5
}
```

Located in /etc/nagios-plugins/config, then adjust in /etc/nagios3/conf.d/services\_nagios2.cfg

### **Notification Commands**

 Allows you to utilize any command you wish. We'll do this for our generating tickets in RT.

From: nagios@nms.localdomain
To: grupo-redes@localdomain
Subject: Host DOWN alert for switch1!
Date: Thu, 29 Jun 2006 15:13:30 -0700

Host: switch1
In: Core\_Switches
State: DOWN

Address: 111.222.333.444

Date/Time: 06-29-2006 15:13:30

Info: CRITICAL - Plugin timed out after 6 seconds

# Nodes and Services Configuration

- Based on templates
  - This saves lots of time avoiding repetition
  - Similar to Object Oriented programming
- Create default templates with default parameters for a:
  - generic node
  - generic service
  - generic contact

# **Generic Node Configuration**

```
define host{
                                  generic-host
    name
    notifications enabled
    event handler enabled
    flap_detection_enabled
    process perf data
    retain status information
    retain nonstatus information
    check command
                                  check-host-alive
    max check attempts
    notification interval
                                  60
    notification period
                                  24x7
    notification options
                                  d,r
                                  nobody
    contact groups
    register
```

# Individual Node Configuration

# **Generic Service Configuration**

```
define service {
                                      generic-service
    name
    active checks enabled
    passive checks enabled
    parallelize check
    obsess over service
    check freshness
    notifications enabled
    event handler enabled
    flap detection enabled
    process_perf_data
    retain_status_information
    retain nonstatus information
    is volatile
    check_period
                                      24x7
    max check attempts
    normal check interval
    retry check interval
    notification interval
                                      60
    notification period
                                      24x7
    notification options
                                      c,r
    register
```

# Individual Service Configuration

### **Automation**

- To maintain large configurations by hand becomes tiresome.
  - It's better to simplify and automate using scripts.
    - http://ns.uoregon.edu/~cvicente/download/nagios-config-script
    - Or, export device (node) information from tools like Netdot, netdisco, OpenNMS, etc.

# Beeper/SMS Messages

- It's important to integrate Nagios with something available outside of work
  - Problems occur after hours... (unfair, but true)
- A critical item to remember: an SMS or message system should be independent from your network.
  - You can utilize a modem and a telephone line
  - Packages like sendpage, qpage or gnokii can help.

#### Some References

- http://www.nagios.org: Nagios web site
- http://sourceforge.net/projects/nagiosplug: Nagios plugins site
- Nagios. System and Network Monitoring by Wolfgang Barth. Good book on Nagios
- http://www.nagiosexchange.org: Unofficial Nagios plugin site
- http://www.debianhelp.co.uk/nagios.htm: A Debian tutorial on Nagios
- http://www.nagios.com/: Commercial Nagios support

And, the O'Reilly book you received in class!

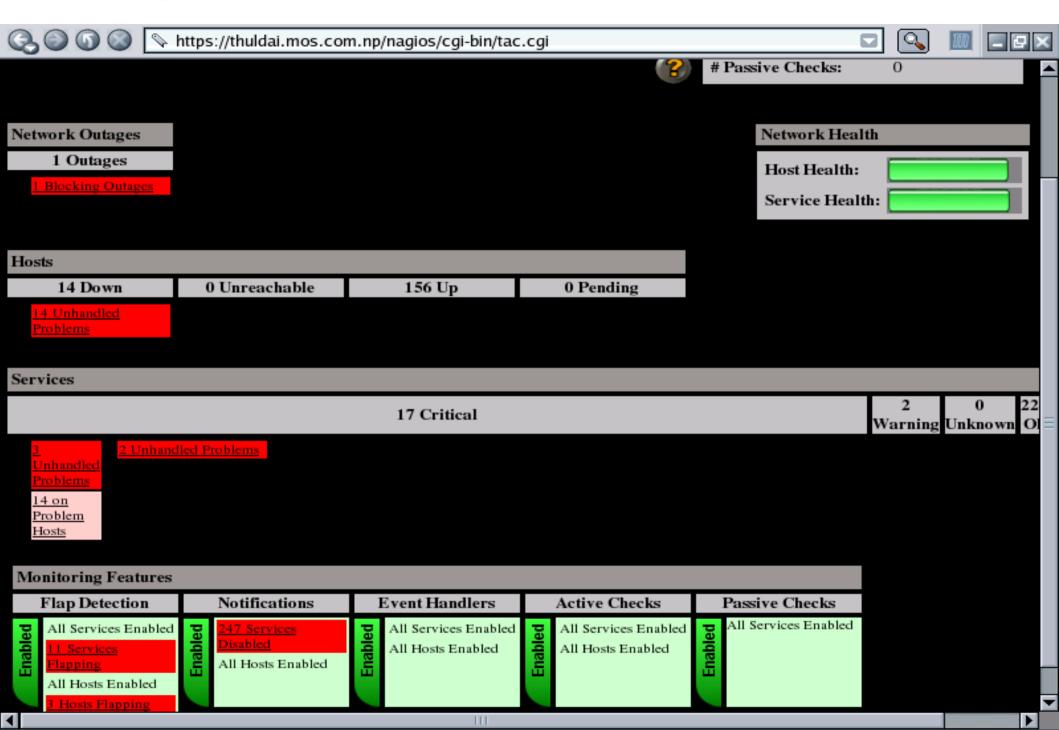


#### Reference Slides

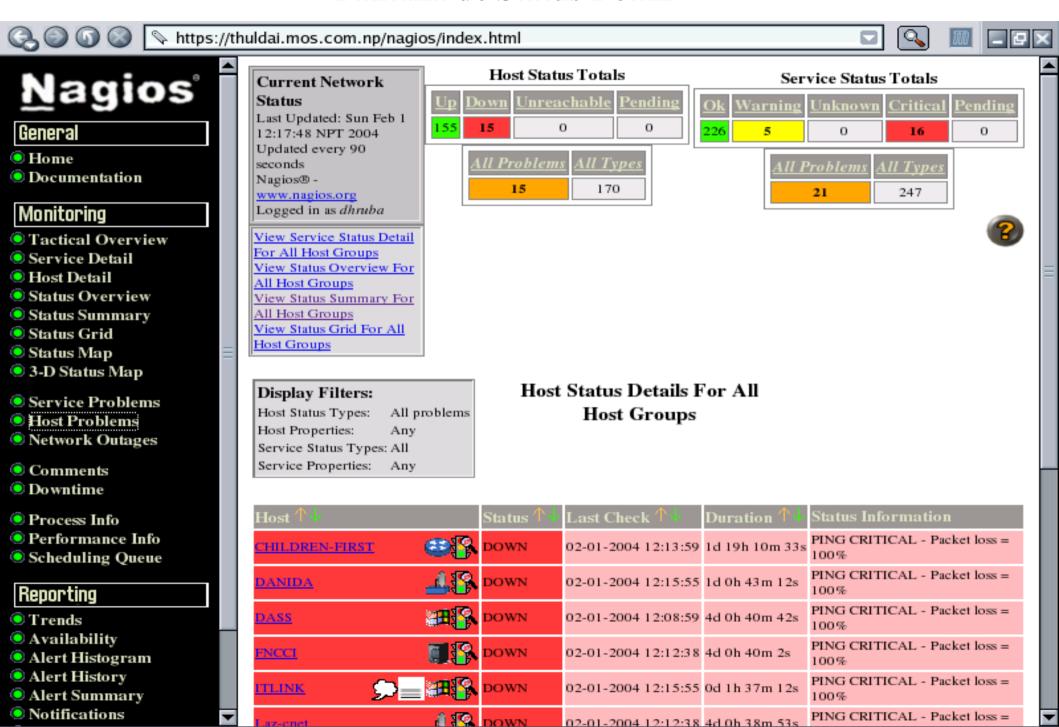
# Dhruba Raj Bhandari, CCNA

Additions by Phil Regnauld bhandari.dhruba@scp.com.np

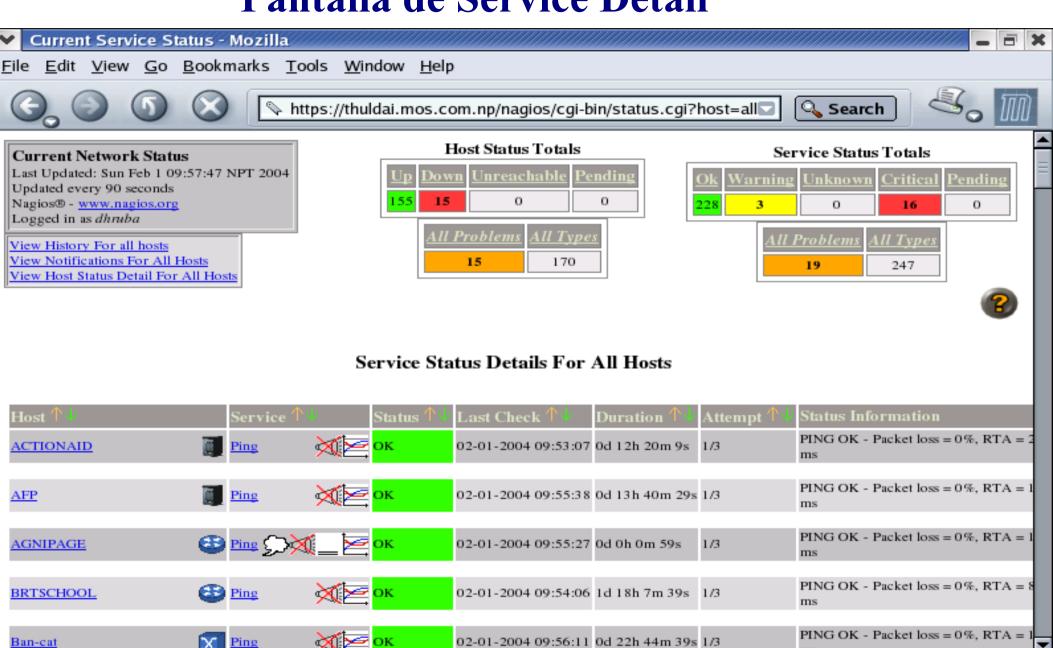
#### Nagios – Vista General (Tactical Overview)



#### Pantalla de Status Detail



#### Pantalla de Service Detail















Transferring data from thuldai.mos.com.np...





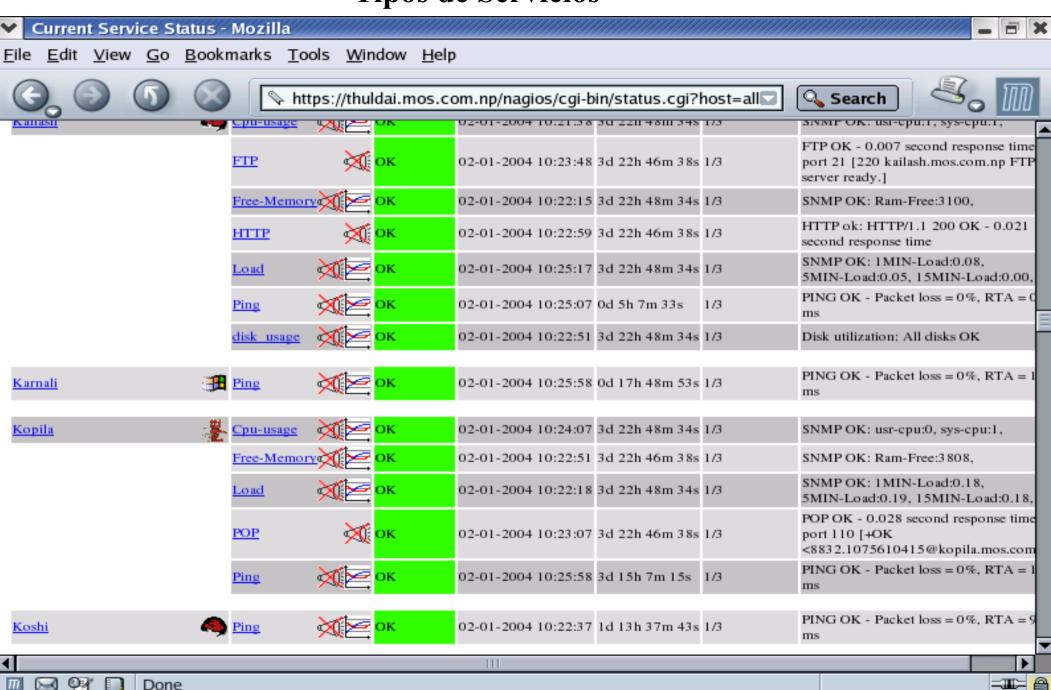




Sun Feb 01, 9:26 PM

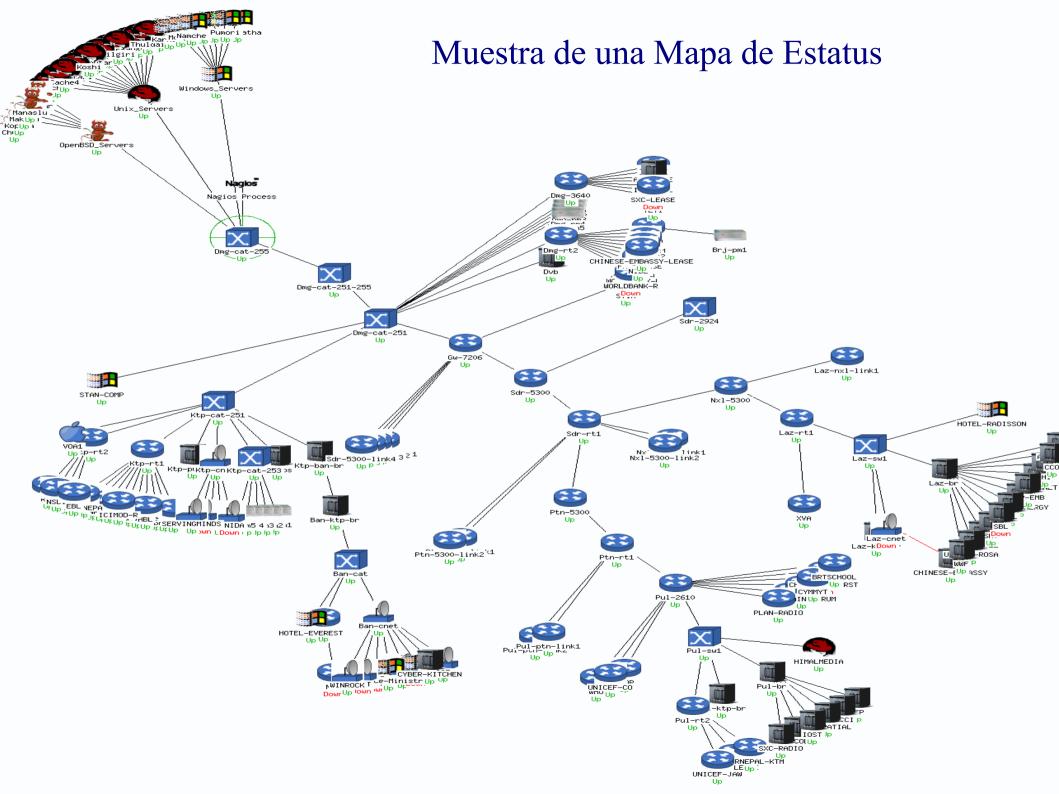
-III: @

#### Tipos de Servicios

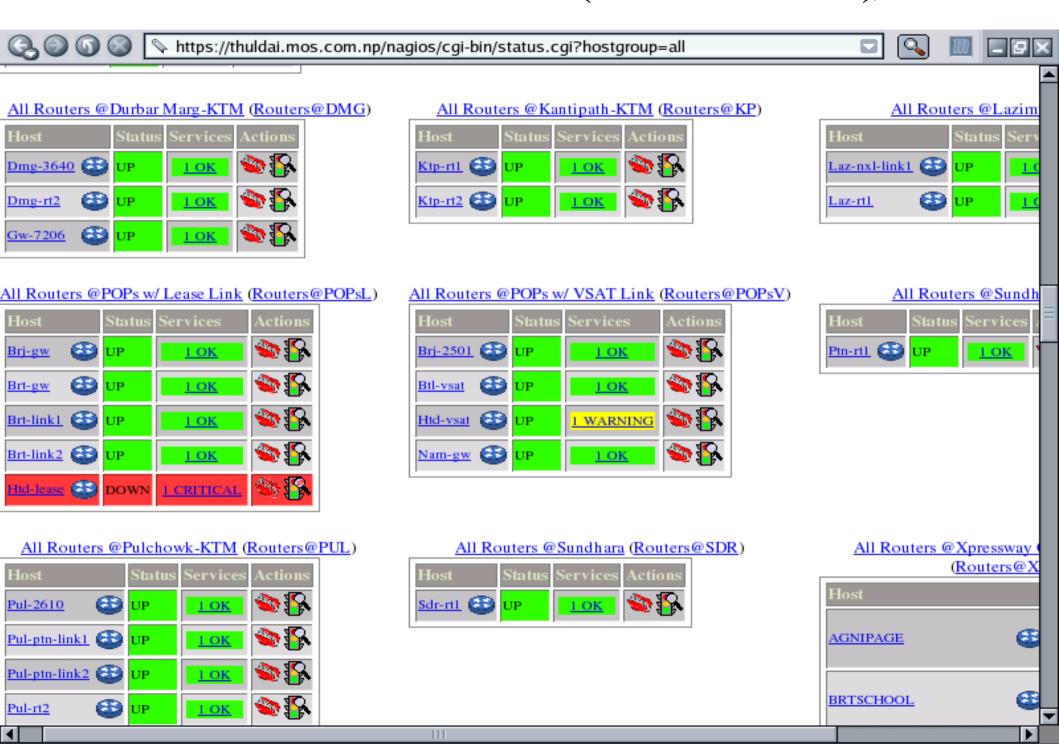


Mozilla-bi 🔲 [root@dhr

Sun Feb 01, 9:56 PM



#### Vista General de Estatus (Status Overview)



#### Vista Sumaria de Hostgroups





https://thuldai.mos.com.np/nagios/cgi-bin/status.cgi?hostgroup=all&style=summary







#### Status Summary For All Host Groups

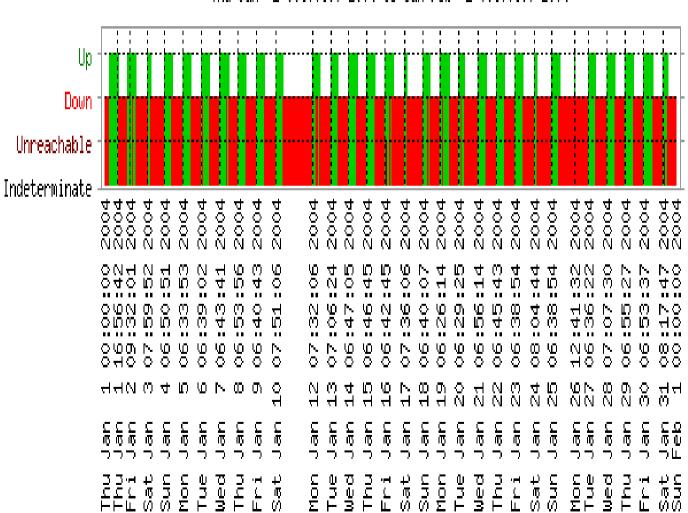
Host Group	Host Status Totals	Service Status Totals
Access Servers@KTM (AS@KTM)	11 UP	<u>11 OK</u>
All Brouters @KTM (Brouters@KTM)	7 UP	7 OK
All Routers @MIX Customers w/ Radio Link (Brouters@MIXR)	<u>I UP</u>	<u>I OK</u>
All Brouters @Xprewway Customers w/ Radio Link (Brouters@XpresswayR)	19 UP 1 DOWN	19 OK 1 CRITICAL
All Brouters @Xprewway Customers w/ Radio Link (Cnet_Clients@XpresswayR)	6 UP 4 DOWN	<u>5 OK</u> 5 CRITICAL
All Cnets @KTM (Cnets@KTM)	2 UP I DOWN	2 OK I CRITICAL
All Co-located Servers (Co-locators)	2 UP	2 OK
Ipricot DVB @DMG (DVB@DMG)	<u>I UP</u>	<u>I OK</u>
All Email-alert-only Boxes (E-boxes)	<u>l UP</u>	<u>I OK</u>
All Livingston Portmasters @Kathmandu (Portmasters@KTM)	10 UP	10 OK
All Livingston Portmasters @MC-POPs (Portmasters@POPs)	<u>l UP</u>	<u>I WARNING</u>
All Routers @Baneshor (Routers@BAN)	<u>I UP</u>	<u>I OK</u>
All Routers @Durbar Marg-KTM (Routers@DMG)	3 UP	3 OK
All Routers @Kantipath-KTM (Routers@KP)	2 UP	2 OK
All Routers @Lazimpat (Routers@LAZ)	2 UP	2 OK
All Routers @POPs w/ Lease Link (Routers@POPsL)	4 UP L DOWN	4 OK 1 CRITICAL

#### Historia o Tendencias de Hosts

اس Trends

State History For Host 'Don\_Bosco'





#### State Breakdowns:

Up : (32.6%) 10d 2h 21m 41s

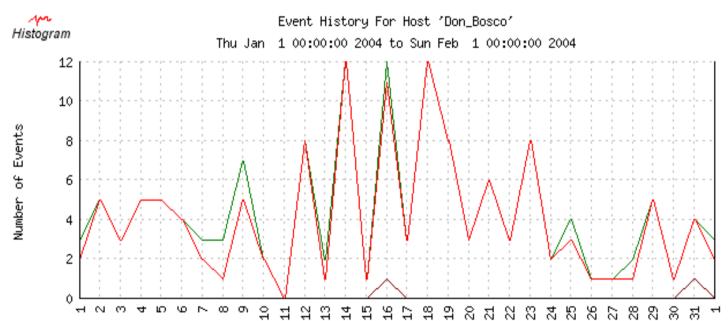
Down : (67.1%) 20d 19h 17m 27s

Unreachable : (0.3%) Od 2h 5m 12s

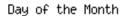
Indeterminate: (0.0%) Od Oh 15m 40s



# Histogram de un Host



EVENT TYPE	MIN	MAX	SUM	AVG
Recovery (Up):	0	12	138	4.45
Down:	0	12	128	4.13
Unreachable:	0	1	2	0.06





#### Event

#### Logs





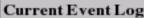


https://thuldai.mos.com.np/nagios/cgi-bin/showlog.cgi









Last Updated: Sun Feb 1 12:15:31 NPT 2004

Nagios® - www.nagios.org

Logged in as dhruba



Log File Navigation Sun Feb 1 00:00:00 NPT 2004 to Present..





File: /usr/local/nagios/var/nagios.log

#### February 01, 2004 12:00

[02-01-2004 12:14:28] HOST NOTIFICATION: Amod; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-email; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:28] HOST NOTIFICATION: Amod; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-epager; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:28] HOST NOTIFICATION: DeepakA; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-epager; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:28] HOST NOTIFICATION: Krishna; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-epager; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:27] HOST NOTIFICATION: NirajS; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-email; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:27] HOST NOTIFICATION: Prabhu; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-epager; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:27] HOST NOTIFICATION: Ravin; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-email; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:27] HOST NOTIFICATION: Ravin; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-epager; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:14:27] HOST NOTIFICATION: Upendra; WORLDBANK-R; DOWN; host-notify-by-email; PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:12:16] SERVICE ALERT: SDC:Ping:WARNING:HARD:1:PING WARNING - Packet loss = 60%, RTA = 23.73 ms [02-01-2004 12:12:16] HOST ALERT: SDC;DOWN;HARD;1;PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100% [02-01-2004 12:11:09] SERVICE ALERT: Htd-vsat:Ping:WARNING:HARD:3:PING WARNING - Packet loss = 40%, RTA = 674.22 ms [02-01-2004 12:10:26] SERVICE ALERT: Htd-lease; Ping; WARNING; HARD; 3: PING WARNING - Packet loss = 40%, RTA = 385.85 ms [02-01-2004 12:08:58] SERVICE FLAPPING ALERT: WORLDBANK-R; Ping; STOPPED; Service appears to have stopped flapping (3.8% change < 5.0% threshold) [02-01-2004 12:08:49] HOST NOTIFICATION: Gyanu; Htd-lease; UP; host-notify-by-email; PING OK - Packet loss = 30%, RTA = 357.24 ms

[02-01-2004 12:08:48] HOST NOTIFICATION: Ishwar;Htd-lease;UP;host-notify-by-email;PING OK - Packet loss = 30%, RTA = 357.24 ms [02-01-2004 12:08:48] HOST NOTIFICATION: Kedar;Htd-lease;UP;host-notify-by-epager;PING OK - Packet loss = 30%, RTA = 357.24 ms [02-01-2004 12:08:48] HOST NOTIFICATION: MSurya;Htd-lease;UP;host-notify-by-email;PING OK - Packet loss = 30%, RTA = 357.24 ms

#### Quien Recibe



https://thuldai.mos.com.up/noglos/EgiGiQnogloatibesSgi?contact=all







#### Contact Notifications

Last Updated: Sun Feb 1 12:07:59 NPT 2004 Nagios® - <u>www.nagios.org</u> Logged in as *dhruba* 



Latest Archive Log File Navigation Sun Feb 1 00:00:00 NPT 2004 to Present..



File: /usr/local/nagios/var/nagios.log

Host	Service	Туре	Time	(	Contact	Notification Command	Information
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:12	Amod	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:12	Amod	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:11	DeepakA	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:11 <u>k</u>	Krishna	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:11	Niraj <u>S</u>	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:11 <u>F</u>	Prabhu -	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:11 <u>F</u>	Ravin	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:10 <u>F</u>	Ravin	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
WORLDBANK-R	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:	:13:08	Upendra	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-cnet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:49	Amod	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-cnet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:49	Amod	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-cnet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:49	DeepakA	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-enet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:49 <u>F</u>	Krishna	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-enet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:49 <u>F</u>	Prabhu -	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-enet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:48	Ravin	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-cnet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:48 <u>F</u>	Ravin	host-notify-by-epager	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Laz-cnet	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 11:0	:07:48	Upendra	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Htd-lease	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 10::	:56:06	<u>Gyanu</u>	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%
Htd-lease	N/A	HOST DOWN	02-01-2004 10::	:56:06 I	Ishwar	host-notify-by-email	PING CRITICAL - Packet loss = 100%















